

is hereby authorized to make an amicable adjustment of any damages whatever, sustained by the owner or owners of any land, through which any canal or rail road, to be made at the expense of the state passes, or is intended to pass; and nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent said board, or a majority of them, from agreeing with the owner or owners of any land, (through which any canal to be made at the expense of the state passes or is intended to pass,) for the purchase, use and occupation thereof, on behalf of the state.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the acting canal commissioners, on each section of the canal respectively, be and are hereby authorized to make such alterations as may appear to be expedient in the route & location of any state, county or township road, along which, or in the immediate vicinity whereof, the canal or any part thereof does or shall pass, and to lay out and open to such width as shall be necessary, so much of any of the said roads as shall be re-located; and such new route of any of the said roads shall be considered a public highway, to be supported and kept in repair as other highways in this commonwealth are supported and kept in repair; and so much of the route of any road as may be altered, shall be thereby vacated, and the said acting canal commissioners respectively are hereby required to make a report of the alterations made in the route of any road, under the provisions of this section, to the clerk of the quarter sessions of the county wherein the said road is located: *Provided*, That any person interested, who may be dissatisfied with the determination of said commissioners, shall have the right of appealing by petition to the board of canal commissioners, whose determination thereon shall be final.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the canal commissioners be and they are hereby required, during the ensuing year, to call upon and receive, or cause to be called upon and received, from all and every person or persons, as far as conveniently can be done, who are the owners of land along or near the several proposed lines of canals as provided for in this act, acquittances, or releases from any claim to damages, in case the said lines of communication shall pass through their lands, and for materials that may be taken to carry on the work.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners are hereby required, as soon as may be convenient, to cause surveys and estimates to be made through the valleys of the Conodoguinet, Yellow Breeches and Conococheague creeks, with a view to the connection of the rivers Susquehanna and Potomac by a canal, and make report of the practicability and probable expense thereof, and also view and examine the ground from the west end of the Harrisburg bridge to the borough of Chambersburg, in the county of Franklin, and from the west end of the Columbia bridge, through York and Gettysburg to Chambersburg, for the purpose of constructing a rail road, and make an estimate of the probable expense for constructing said rail road, and make report thereof to the governor, who is hereby required to lay the same before the legislature, on or before the first day of January eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the board of canal commissioners are hereby authorized and required, if they deem it necessary, previous to the location of that part of the canal from the eastern section to a point at or near Northumberland, on the west branch, to cause a survey and exploration on the east side of the Susquehanna, from the end of the said eastern section to a point opposite the town of Northumberland; and the said board, after taking into view the relative advantages, facility, costs of construction, and interest of the commonwealth, shall decide whether the said canal shall be located on the eastern or western side of the Susquehanna river; or if said commissioners should be of opinion that any part of said canal could be carried along the eastern shore of the aforesaid river, to any point between the end of the eastern shore of the aforesaid river, to any point between the end of the eastern section and a point opposite Northumberland, they may so locate and contract for said canal and locks, and are authorized to pass to the other side of the river, at any point they may deem proper, in the manner now contemplated of passing the river at or near the mouth of the Juniata.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the canal commissioners be and they are hereby authorized and required to examine the proposed route of the Delaware canal, commencing in the vicinity of the U. S. arsenal, upon the east bank of the Schuylkill, and terminating at the river Delaware, at the

south of the Navy Yard in the district of Southwark, in the county of Philadelphia, and make report to the legislature at its next session, whether the said route will form a necessary link in the line of the Pennsylvania canal, connecting the western waters with the river Delaware, and if so, to furnish an estimate of the probable cost of constructing said canal.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide for the commencement of a canal to be constructed at the expense of the state, and to be styled the Pennsylvania canal," shall be in force as far as they are applicable to this act, & so much of the laws relating to the Pennsylvania canal as is inconsistent with this act is hereby repealed.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the governor be and he is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the commonwealth, a sum or sums in the whole not exceeding one million of dollars, and the said sum so borrowed shall be paid to and vested in the commissioners of the internal improvement fund, to be applied by them in the manner and for the purposes hereinafter directed: *Provided*, That no engagement or contract shall be entered into, which shall preclude the commonwealth from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of twenty-three years from the 1st of December next.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That the governor be and he is hereby authorized to cause to be constituted certificates of stock, signed by the auditor general and countersigned by the state treasurer, setting forth that they pertain to the canal loan, for the sum so borrowed by virtue of this act, or for any part thereof, bearing an interest not exceeding five per centum per annum, and reimbursable as aforesaid; which stock thus created shall be transferable on the books of the auditor general, or at the bank of Pennsylvania, by the owner or owners of the same, his, her or their attorney, and new certificates of the same shall be issued by the auditor general and state treasurer to the new holder or holders; and it is hereby further declared that it shall be deemed to be a good execution of the said power to borrow, for the governor of this commonwealth to cause the said certificates of stock, or any part thereof to be sold.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid by the state treasurer to the commissioners of the internal improvement fund, during the current year and during each and every year from and after the first day of December next, out of the receipts of duties on auctions, such sum or sums as may be necessary to pay the interest on the loans authorized by this act; and the faith of the state is hereby pledged to establish a sufficient revenue for making up any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds appropriated for paying the said interest.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the internal improvement fund to cause to be paid, out of the moneys borrowed in pursuance of the fifteenth section of this act, such sum or sums as shall be necessary for the completion of the two divisions of the Pennsylvania canal already located, as well as such other sum or sums as may be necessary for the prosecution of the canals and public works authorized to be constructed by this act; and all such sums shall be drawn and accounted for according to the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the commencement of a canal to be constructed at the expense of the state, and to be styled the Pennsylvania canal," passed the twenty fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and also an act entitled "An act authorizing a loan for the commencement of the construction of the Pennsylvania canal, and for other purposes," passed the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That the state treasurer for the time being shall be the treasurer of the internal improvement fund, and shall perform all the duties pertaining thereto, and all such moneys belonging to the said fund, as the commissioners of said fund may deem proper, shall be deposited in the bank of Pennsylvania, subject to their drafts.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That in case any contract for work on the canals authorized by this act shall be forfeited or abandoned by the contractor or contractors, the acting canal commissioners may relet the same without giving notice in the newspapers as required by the sixth section of the act passed the twenty-fifth of February, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, entitled "An act to provide for the commencement of a canal to be constructed at the expense of the state, and to be styled the Pennsylvania canal."

From the Harrisburg Chronicle, April 9.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE Democratic-Republican Convention, Of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

The republican members of both branches of the legislature, assembled in the State Capitol, on Monday evening, and organized by choosing, Gen. ALEXANDER OGLE, of Somerset, President; Col. WILLIAM MCCREERY, of Washington, Vice President; Joel K. Mann, of Montgomery, and Jesse R. Burden, of Philadelphia, Secretaries.

The president having stated, that, in conformity to the good old custom, they had convened this evening, for the purpose of recommending a suitable time and place, to the great republican family of this state to send Delegates to nominate a candidate for President of the U. States, to be supported at the next election, and to adopt such other measures as might be suggested by the occasion.—On motion:

Messrs. Ringland, of Washington; Sutherland, of Philadelphia; Ryan, of Tioga; Kennedy, of Northampton; Krepps, of Fayette; Bonball, of Philadelphia; Power, of Beaver; Hamilton, of Lancaster; and Walker, of Franklin, were appointed a committee, to submit a report to an adjourned meeting to be held at the same place, on Thursday evening, the 5th inst. at 7 o'clock. On motion:

The Convention adjourned. Adjourned Meeting of Thursday evening.

Pursuant to adjournment, the convention met; when the following report and resolutions were read and unanimously adopted.

The committee appointed at the last meeting, Report: That, in their opinion, it is scarcely necessary to adopt any measures, or submit any resolutions, with the view of manifesting the unwavering attachment of the people they represent to the Hero of New Orleans; so thoroughly are they convinced that the sentiments of the freemen of this commonwealth are decidedly in his favor. But having assembled to determine upon a suitable time and place of holding a convention to nominate a candidate for the office of President of the United States, it may perhaps be expected that something should be said in relation to the prospects of the man whom the people of this state delight to honor. Your committee will, therefore, briefly remark; that on all occasions, from the dawn of his prospects for the Presidency, up to the present luminous period in his approach to that elevated station, Pennsylvania has been moving on in the front ranks of his supporters. At the seat of government, delegates from every section of the state assembled, and with but one dissenting voice nominated him as the successor of Mr. Monroe.—Since that time another republican convention has reiterated, at the same place, the unchanged devotion of Pennsylvania towards him. If, however, these conventions had never been held, the representatives, attending this evening, coming as they do directly from the people, and intimately familiar with their opinions upon the Presidential question, feel assured, that they speak without the chance of misapprehension, when they say, that General Jackson is the man of their choice, for the high and responsible office of President of the U. States.

To their sister states, they announce that the information they daily receive from every portion of the commonwealth authorizes the declaration, that the people remain unalterably wedded to their old candidate. Indeed it could not be otherwise. Their proverbial steadiness of character, inflexibility of purpose, and fixed republican principles, are unquestionable pledges of their fidelity to him, while he sustains the character he does. They never can abandon the man, who, in the darkest hours of the contest with Great Britain, braved the inclemency of the seasons, and at the head of troops hastily collected, and indifferently equipped, met and conquered her well disciplined army before New Orleans. They can never abandon the man who supported with so much valor, and so successfully, the once denounced but now applauded war, in defence of treasonable combinations of men, high in power, who were then threatening the dismemberment of the Union. No, they never can abandon the man whose life of devotion to his country, unchanged republican principles, and eminent gifts of mind, so justly entitle him to the honor of presiding over the Republic he has so often and so faithfully served; more especially at this time they cannot abandon him, when every hour brings upon his wing, fresh intelligence of his growing popularity in every state in the confederacy. Such never has been, and never can be, the policy of Pennsylvania. They advocated him in 1824, as freemen only, upon the sincere conviction that he deserved the

chair once occupied by the beloved Washington. So ardent was their regard for him, & so large a debt of gratitude did they feel they owed him, that they rose spontaneously and in a body to support his election. With these facts fresh in their recollections, your committee submit the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention, General Andrew Jackson is now, as he was at the last electoral election, the choice of Pennsylvania, for the office of President of the United States, and that in the year 1828 he will as certainly receive the electoral vote of this state, as he did in 1824.

Resolved, That, as a want of concert appears to exist in many sections of the state, as to the time of meeting to nominate a candidate to be supported at the next presidential election, that it be recommended to the Republicans of the several senatorial and representative districts of this state, to elect delegates equivalent to the number of their senators and representatives, and the delegates so elected be requested to assemble at Harrisburg, on the 8th day of January next, to nominate a candidate for the Presidency of the U. States, together with an electoral ticket, and transact such other business as may be deemed expedient by the convention.

Resolved, That the proceedings be published.

ALEX. R. OGLE, Pres't.
W. MCCREERY, V. Pres't.
Joel K. Mann, Jesse R. Burden, Secretaries.

MARCO, Geo. March 27.

We are informed that the Indian Council at Broken Arrow has closed. The subject of disposing of the remainder of their lands in Georgia was brought before them, but did not result in any positive determination with regard to its disposal. They professed a willingness to sell it at its value, if the agent would examine, or have it examined, and a valuation put upon it. Thus the matter appears to rest for the present. We believe that by waiting their own time, it may be obtained "peaceably," but we doubt whether it can be "upon reasonable terms."

Messenger.

Alabama.—The Legislature of Alabama, at its last session, passed an act to prohibit the importation of Slaves into that State for sale or hire. The act provides that any person carrying negroes into the State, after the first day of August next, for sale or hire, shall be liable to a fine of one thousand dollars for each negro so carried into the State, and imprisonment. It further provides, that persons who carry Slaves into the State for their own use, shall not sell or hire them within two years after their arrival.

Nat. Int.

St. Louis, March 15.

The emigration this Spring to the United States' Lead Mines on the Upper Mississippi, is immense. One Steamboat (intended as a regular trader) has already left here for the above place, and three others are advertised to depart soon. We have heard it computed that the accession in diggers and others will amount to several thousand. The Government rents, for the present year, will consequently be very considerably increased.

Repub.

From the Boston Sentinel, April 7.

From HAYTI.—Letters were yesterday received here, via Portland, from Cape Haytien, to the 6th March. The following is an extract from one of them:—

"I have reason to believe, that the relations between France and Hayti are still in an unsettled state, and that the brig which lately brought despatches from France, has returned thence for further instructions. Yet on the other hand it is but fair to state, that there is a report in circulation, saying, that all matters in dispute between the two countries have been amicably adjusted; and that France has allowed to this country twenty years for the payment of the residue of the thirty millions purchase money. It is devoutly to be wished that this may prove to be the case; for until everything be finally arranged with France, this country will from day to day more nearly approach towards a state of ruin."

Deliberate Hanging.—A man in N. Hampshire lately hanged himself after making his preparations with much sang froid. He took a bundle of flax in a neighbor's and broke it, he went to another's and swinged it to a third, and merrily a rope. He went home and hanged himself.

Joseph Trusdell, of Missac, (Mass.) died on the 4th ult. of a blow received from a stick which had been thrown at him, by one of his playmates. The end of the stick penetrated the skull and entered the brain.

Baltimore and Philadelphia.—One attention is at this time irresistibly drawn to the conduct of the population of these two great cities. One is about making out of its corporate funds and out of the funds of its private citizens, a rail-road to connect it with, and secure to it if possible, the trade of the western country. The other city is using all its influence and exertions to make out of the funds of the state, a canal, or half a canal, & half rail road, from the western end of the Union Canal to Pittsburgh, and in order to effect this object, and secure to its friends, in voting the public money to make canals in every other direction (except one) in which it is asked; and all this for the ostensible purpose of improving the state, and bringing to that city the trade of the west—but we cannot help suspecting, from the repeated refusals, to do any thing below the mouth of Swatara, that it is as much with a view to render certain capital already invested in works between that place and Philadelphia profitable, if it be possible. When will the citizens of Philadelphia subscribe \$4,178,000 towards making a rail-road from that city to Pittsburgh.

Lan. Journal.

Morgan's case.—A Committee of the House of Assembly of New York, raised up by Governor CLINTON's Messsage concerning the abduction of Morgan, has made a report, recommending the offer of a reward of five thousand dollars for the discovery of Morgan, or if dead for the conviction of his murderers, and the appointment of a Joint Committee of the two Houses, two from the Senate and three from the Assembly, to receive testimony and investigate the subject during the recess, and to report fully and circumstantially, to the next Legislature. The report was accompanied by a mass of papers and documents, and had not been acted upon at the latest date from Albany.

Nat. Int.

PERPETUAL MOTION STILL.

A man in New York gave notice that he had invented a self moving water wheel.—Why he called that a water wheel which was to move itself, we know not—he advertised stock; it was taken immediately, & in a few days it was up from a mere trifle to One Thousand Dollars. Suspicious being excited, the stable in which the machine was deposited was torn open—the good people rushed in, and discovered beneath the floor, the apparatus by which the machine moved itself. The next object of search was the mainspring, the man himself, Mr. Baxter; he was found while the constables were breaking into his house, and taken in the act of flight and escorted to Bridewell, where he will be kept still a little while.

U. S. Gazette.

Fatal Temerity.—On Thursday evening last between four and five o'clock, the following dreadful occurrence took place. At the Star Inn, in Bedford-street, was a cavern of wild beasts, and the keeper, being in want of an attendant, a person who had from his infancy been accustomed to the business, offered his services on Wednesday, and was accepted. He was, however, cautioned not to go within the reach of any of the beasts; this caution he unhappily neglected. A party came to see the animals, and as the lion was asleep, and did not appear willing to rise, the man imprudently went into his den. The beast suddenly awakened, and probably hungry, and alarmed at the presence of the stranger, darted forward one of his paws, with which he seized the showman by the shoulder, and at the same moment, with the other, he very dreadfully lacerated the face. The miserable man cried piteously, and struggled to get loose, but his efforts were in vain, and the lion, now infuriated, seized him by the throat with his mouth, and held him in that situation, until death put a period to the too horrible sufferings of the victim. A gentleman happening to pass who lived in the neighborhood, immediately brought his pistols, and another person called to a blacksmith, who had a piece of iron rod hot, to afford assistance, but it was 20 minutes before the animal would quit his prey, although his mouth was much burned; at length the head of the unhappy man fell from his jaws, a spectacle too horrible for description, when the body was drawn from the cage. An inquest was to be held this day. We understand that under ordinary circumstances the animal was exceedingly quiet and docile, so much so, indeed, that two women and two children had actually been in the cage with him on the preceding day. We hope this will be a warning to persons not to entrust themselves within the reach of such ferocious animals; and we should be glad to learn that the disgusting practice of hallooing down the throats of lions and tigers was discontinued.

W. A. G. G. G.

FROM THE MONROVIA JOURNAL.
PARODY.
Scots who ha' sic noosed,
Sens wham Ght has aften led!
Welcome to your mivy bed,
Or to revelry.
Now's the night and now's the hour,
See the hoazy tipplers pour,
See the brandy-bottle's power—
Grog and devilry!
See the waiter comes with more,
We are doom'd to pay the score,
We will drain our purses lower,
But we'll have a spree!
Who will be a sober knave?
Who see wis' as to be grave?
Who won't be the bottle's slave?
Let him homeward flee.
Lay the chairs and tables low!
Drunkards in where'er they go,
Noises bleed at every blow!
Let us stand or lie!
Who for toppers' thirsty maw,
Bottle-corks will freely draw?
Drunkards reel, or drunkards fall,
Drink the glasses dry!

CULTIVATORS.
M. C. CLARKSON
H A V I N G purchased the Patent
Right for the
CORN CULTIVATOR
OR
HOE HARROW,
requests the Farmers to call at his
Hardware Store and examine them.
April 10. 1f

PAINTS,
Drugs & Medicines.
THE subscriber has supplied him-
self with a good assortment of
Paints, Drugs & Medicines,
and offers them to his customers, upon
reasonable terms. For CASH. Painters
and persons building, will be supplied
with all the necessary Paints, at low
prices.
Those indebted, will oblige by pay-
ment of their several accounts.
John Hersh, Jr.
Gettysburg, April 10. 1f
A Lad from 12 to 15
years of age, will be taken as an Ap-
prentice to the above business.

Tonsorial Head Quarters
DAVID MCANN,
FIRST Gentleman's Hair Dresser,
Wig maker, & Ornamental Hair
Worker, North Baltimore street, Get-
tysburg, one door below the "Franklin
House," has the honor most respect-
fully to inform the Gentlemen of this
place and its environs, as well as stran-
gers sojourning here, that he has just
received from New York and Philadel-
phia, the newest fashions for dressing
and cutting Gentlemen's Hair, in the
different departments of social and civil
life, and solicits a call from Connois-
seurs, purchasers and loungers, well
convinced that they will have much to
appreciate, little to blame, and something
to purchase.
He cannot consent to close this no-
tice to the liberal inhabitants of this
place, truly "the home of the fair,"
without returning his heartfelt thanks
for their many kindnesses—he is grate-
ful—and at the same time begs leave
to assure them that his unremitting
exertions shall be sedulously devoted to
deserve a continuance of public patron-
age.
He has for sale, Ladies and Gentle-
men's Wigs, Scalps or Toupees, Hair
Bands, Beau Cachere, Heart Break-
ers, Kill-Beaux, English Frizzles,
French Do Curis, Venus Pomatum,
Russian Oil, Long Hair, and Short
Hair, all of the first quality—the hair
work of every color and shade, and
warranted of the first workmanship.
Gentlemen waited upon at their
dwellings.—Razors honed and set with
despatch.
Gettysburg, April 10. 1f

NOTICE.
THE Stockholders of the Hanover
and Carlisle Turnpike Road Com-
pany, are hereby notified, that an Elec-
tion for Managers of said Road, will be
held at the house of the Miss Bighams
in Petersburg, on Monday the 7th day
of May next, to elect two persons as
managers on behalf of the Stockhold-
ers; and that the Commissioners of
Cumberland & Adams Counties meet
at the same time and place to elect
three persons as managers on behalf of
the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, a-
greeably to an act of the General As-
sembly, passed April 10th, 1826.
By order of the present board.
Samuel E. Halt, Pres't.
April 7. 3f

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the Es-
tate of **GEORGE ORR**, late of
Cumberland township, Adams county,
are desired to call and settle the same;
and those who have claims against said
Estate, are desired to present the same,
properly authenticated, for settlement.
Walter Smith,
Wm. McGaughey,
April 10. 4f

The Full-Blooded Horse,
OTTERINGTON
WILL be kept for service, from
the 10th of April to the 1st of
July next, at the Subscriber's stable, in
Gettysburg. (For particulars see bills.)
OTTERINGTON is a beautiful
Bay, 9 years old this Spring, 15 1/2 hands
high, remarkable for strength and ac-
tion. He was got by Col. Taylor's Top
Gallant, who was sired by the celebra-
ted imported Horse **Diomed**, the sire of
Sir **Archy**, who has produced more
racers than any horse ever known in
this Country or England. Otterington
is, therefore, an immediate descendant
of the best English race horse.
John Kline.
April 10. 3f

Performances of Otterington.
1825. October meeting at Canton. Ot-
terington run the 3 mile heats against Gen.
Winn's Filly **Isabella**, by Sir **Archy**, and **Dud-
ley Diggs** Horse, Noli me tangere, by Oscar.
Otterington closely contesting with the Filly
for the purse, and distancing Noli me tan-
gere.
1825. Fairview Spring meeting—Otter-
ington was entered in a sweepstakes, four
subscribers \$100 each, 3 mile heats, beating
with great ease, Mr. Finley's Colt, by
Mars, and Col. Sewall's Colt, Sir **Roderick
Dhu**, out of Maid of Oaks, by Hickory;
Hickory beat Gen. Ridgely's Horse **Post Boy**,
on Washington Course.
Do. The week following—Otterington
run 3 mile heats, for a purse of \$500, won by
him in 4 heats; at Canton Spring meeting—
beating Col. Sewall's Filly, **Jesse**, by Tele-
graph, and Col. Swanigan's Filly, by Tucka-
hoe, and Mr. Parker's Colt, by Oscar,
and Gov. Wright's grey mare **Floretta**, by
Silver Heels.
Had Otterington been properly trained and
kept, and brought on the turf, at three years
old, (he did not appear on it till he was 6) he
would have made one of the best runners, for
4 mile heats, of his day.—These are the true
performances of Otterington, while in my
possession.—**JESSE H. WILLIS.**
Baltimore, March 28th, 1827.

Brigade Orders!
THE Enrolled Militia of the 2d
Brigade of the 5th Division Penn-
sylvania Militia, are required to be pa-
raded and trained, as follows, viz.:
IN COMPANIES,
On Monday the 1th day of May next,
at such places as their Commanding
Officers shall direct.
In Battalions, as follows, viz:
The 1st Battalion of the 90th Regi-
ment, on Monday the 14th—the 2d do.
of do. on Tuesday the 15th.—The first
Battalion of the 80th Regiment, on
Wednesday the 16th—the 2d do. of do.
on Thursday the 17th.—The 1st Bat-
talion of the 80th Regiment on Friday
the 18th—the 2d do. of do. on Satur-
day the 19th day of May next, unless the
Commanding Officers should direct
Regimental trainings instead thereof.
Those Volunteer Companies
not attached to Regiments or Battal-
ions of Volunteers, will parade for in-
spection, with the Battalions of Mil-
itia to which they were attached in
May, 1826.
The Union Battalion of Adams Coun-
ty, and The York & Adams
County Union Battalion
OF VOLUNTEERS, will parade, for
inspection, at whatever times and places
within the year and Brigade, that
may be agreed upon or directed by
their Commanding Officers.
Appeals, for the Militia, on Mon-
day the 11th of June next: For Volun-
teers, on Monday the 5th of November
next.
Thomas C. Miller.
Brig. Insp. 2d Reg. 5th Div. Pa. Ma.
April 10. 1p

Attention!
THE Members of the Union Bat-
talion of Adams county, (Volun-
teers) are hereby notified, that between
the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6
P. M. on Monday the 30th of April in-
stant, an Election will be held at the
Court house in Gettysburg, to elect a
MAJOR for said battalion, in room of
Wm. Miller, deceased. By order of
T. C. Miller, B. I.
April 10. 1e

Columbian Guards!
YOU are ordered to parade at Heid-
elsburg, on Saturday the 21st
inst., at 12 o'clock, M. with arms and
accoutrements in good order.
By Order.
D. Cozer, O. S.
April 3. 1p


RUPTURES.
MOST experienced Medical men of every
country are well aware that no one dis-
ease to which man is subject, is more com-
mon, painful, and even dangerous, than that
of Hernia, or rupture; and it is much lamented
that no calamity has hitherto been so poor-
ly provided for. Doctor Hull having witness-
ed, during twenty-five years practice in Sur-
gery, the distress and misery attending the
disease of Rupture, and the fatal consequen-
ces frequently incident to it; and being con-
vinced that these unhappy effects generally
resulted from the use of badly constructed
Trusses, or the neglect to use any, was
prompted from feelings of professional duty,
and an anxious desire to witness a more ef-
fectual remedy, to devote a share of his time
to the construction of an instrument for that
purpose. He is satisfied that he has brought
into successful operation an improved Truss,
happily adapted to all cases of Rupture in
both sexes, and from his own experience and
that of others, is persuaded he has given to the
world an important alleviator, as well as a
probable cure, for a disability or disease
which hitherto the pride of professional has
too much neglected.
The following, among many other testimo-
nials which may be adduced, are presented
to the public, in confirmation of the superior
efficacy of his instrument, not only in giving
ease and comfort even in cases the most diffi-
cult, and where other means have proved in-
effectual, but in performing cures on persons
of all ages.
Dr. Mott, Professor of Surgery, in the U-
niversity of New-York, deposes, "That the
Truss invented by Dr. A. G. Hull, possesses
both in structure and principle, qualities and
advantages, which are entirely original, and
which render its application, in all cases, an
efficacious remedy to prevent a descent of the
bowel, and that in most cases it may be ap-
plied with a reasonable prospect of cure."
Also, "I am of opinion that the union of sur-
gical design and mechanical structure in this
instrument, render it what has long been the
desideratum of practical Surgeons in Europe
& America.—Its mechanical adaptation to the
parts, the simplicity of its construction, the
limited motion nicely graduated by experi-
ment to the different attitudes of the body,
and to the action of the muscles; the perma-
nency and security of its location on the
body, and its pressure on the circumference
of the abdominal ring; are qualities, the
tendency of which is to strengthen & restore
the weakened parts, to contract the aperture,
and ultimately to accomplish a cure of the
disease."
T. W. HUNTER, M. D. deposes as follows:
"In two very interesting cases of scrotal Hernia
[which is the worst and most difficult kind]
to which this deponent was called about
five years ago, one in this city, and the other
in Brooklyn; it was worn with perfect suc-
cess, and effected a complete cure of both
in less than 12 months.—This instrument is ap-
proved of by the most eminent Surgeons in
the United States and Europe, particularly
by the celebrated Sir Astley Cooper of Lon-
don.
Dr. PERKINS, late Professor of Surgery in
Dartmouth College, deposes and says of this
instrument, "It has a plain pad fixed on a
concave plate, so that instead of the strong
pressure being made by the centre of the pad
(as is the case in all Trusses) this of Dr.
Hull's makes the strong pressure by its cir-
cular margin, and a diminished pressure by its
centre, it thereby not only prevents the ex-
cape of the bowel, but approximates and of-
ten secures in contact the ruptured part, so
as eventually, in many cases to effect a radical
and permanent cure."
JOSEPH EVANS, late of Philadelphia, leather
Merchant, deposes, "That having been rup-
tured, about seven years, I applied to Dr.
Hull, in person, who furnished me with one
of his patent hinge Trusses, and after wear-
ing it about six months I FOUND MYSELF EN-
TIRELY CURED, so much so that I can walk a-
bout with safety without wearing the
Truss; and in my opinion it is one of the
greatest improvements and blessings to man-
kind that is known."
This instrument is also approved, by Pro-
fessor GIBSON, of the University of Pennsylva-
nia, in his work on Surgery; by Professors
FEEBLE and MCCELLAN, in the American
Medical Review; & by most of the Physicians
and Surgeons of Philadelphia, who have re-
commended the instrument and adopted it in
their practice.
An Agent has been appointed
for their sale here—Inquire of Messrs.
Hersh and Buchler, Apothecaries.
Gettysburg, April 10. 3m

LIST OF LETTERS
REMAINING in the Post-Office at Peters-
burg, (Littles-Low) April 1, 1827.
Dr. B. F. Adams
Philip Bissel
Henry Colchouse
Sarah Deal
Henry Danks
David Fink
Rev. Henry Greber
Martin Heller
James Hesson
Michael Harner
Joseph Heider
Joseph Keeler
Henry Koons
Jacob Koons
Henry Keeler
Margaret King
David Krieps
George Millman
John Mordy
George Muller
Sarah Powell
Christian Reck
George Rocky
Jesse Schuchart
John Smith
Augustus Smith
Thomas Smith
John Smith
Samuel Smith
George W.
Mary Ann Zenger.
E. Leas, P. M.
April 10. 3f

W. N. IRVINE,
ATTORNEY
AND
COUNSELLOR AT LAW
IN TENDS practicing in the several
Courts of Adams County. His re-
sidence and Office are in the house for-
merly occupied by Doctor MILLER, in
West York street.
Gettysburg, Nov. 7. 1f

3 Cents (cash)
WILL be given for clean Linen
and Cotton RAGS at this
Printing Office.
April 10. 3f

PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS the Hon. John Reed,
Esq. President of the several
Courts of Common Pleas in the Coun-
ties composing the Ninth District, and
Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Ter-
miner, & General Jail Delivery, for the
trial of all capital and other offend-
ers in the said District—and Daniel
Sheffer, and Wm. McClean, Esquires,
Judges of the Court of Common Pleas,
and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and
Terminer, and General Jail Delivery,
for the trial of all capital and other of-
fenders in the County of Adams—hav-
ing issued their precept, bearing date
the 25th of January, in the year of our
Lord one thousand eight hundred and
twenty-seven, and to me directed, for
holding a Court of Common Pleas and
General Quarter Sessions of the Peace
and General Jail Delivery, and Court
of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg
on Monday the 23d of April next—
Notice is hereby given
to all the Justices of the Peace, the Co-
oner, and Constables, within the said
County of Adams, that they be then
and there, in their proper persons, with
their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Ex-
aminations, and other Remembrances,
to do those things, which to their offi-
ces, and in that behalf, appertain to be
done—and also they who will prosecute
against the prisoners that are, or then
shall be in the Jail in the said County
of Adams, are to be then and there, to
prosecute against them as shall be just.
Dated at Gettysburg, the 20th day
of March, A. D. 1827.
T. C. Miller, Sheriff.
[March 20.] 1c

Reduced Prices!

ROBERT TAYLOR
RETURNS his sincere thanks to
the Public for the very liberal en-
couragement he has received; and in-
forms them that he has reduced the
prices of work at his Shop to the fol-
lowing rates:
Men's Boots, \$5 50
Munroe do, 2 50
Women's do, 2 00
Men's Shoes, from 1 25 to 1 87 1/2
Women's do. from 1 12 1/2 to 1 57 1/2
and all others in proportion.
He pledges himself, that all work
done at his shop shall be of the best
kind: and he hopes, by his attention
to business, and his reduced prices, to
merit a generous share of the public
custom. He has on hand, and
will constantly keep, an assortment of
SHOES
of all descriptions—which he will dis-
pose of very low for Cash or Country
Produce.
Gettysburg, Jan. 9. 1f

4 JOURNEYMEN
SHOEMAKERS,
Wanted immediately—to whom lib-
eral wages and constant employment
will be given.
Robert Taylor.
Gettysburg, Jan. 9. 1f

Sheriff's Sales.
IN pursuance of sundry writs of Ven-
ditioni Exponas and Alias Ven-
ditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court
of Common Pleas of Adams county, to
me directed, will be Exposed to Public
Sale, on Friday the 20th day of April
instant, at 12 o'clock, M. at the
Court-house in the borough of Gettys-
burg, the following Real Estate, viz.:
A certain Tract of Land,
situate in Mounjeay township, Adams
county, adjoining lands of George
Heagy, John Horner and others, con-
taining 127 acres, more or less, on
which are erected a waterboarded log
house and log barn—seized and taken
in execution as the estate of William
Horner.—ALSO,
A certain Tract of Land,
situate in Reading township, Adams
county, adjoining lands of—Hoover,
Christian Wirt and others, con-
taining 130 acres, more or less, on
which are erected a large two story
stone dwelling house and stone bark
barn—seized and taken in execution as
late the estate of Thomas Arch, &c.
Thos. C. Miller, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg,
April 3, 1827. 1f

Liberty Riflemen!
YOU will parade at D. Eiker's Mill,
on Saturday the 28th inst. at 1
o'clock, P. M. precisely, in complete
uniform.
By Order,
J. Harbaugh, O. S.
April 10. 1p

La Mott's Cough Drops.
VALUABLE MEDICINE
For Coughs, Consumptions,
and Asthmas.
THIS Elixir is offered to the public as
possessing virtues peculiarly adapted to
the present prevailing disorders of the breast
and lungs, leading to consumption. A timely
use of these drops may be considered a certain
cure in most cases of Common Colds, Coughs,
Influenza, Hooping Cough, Pain in the Side,
Difficulty of Breathing, Want of Sleep arising
from debility; and in Spasmodic Asthma it
is singularly efficacious. A particular atten-
tion to the directions accompanying each bot-
tle is necessary.
The following certificates from respectable
gentlemen, physicians and surgeons, are
subjoined, to show that this composition is
one which Medical men are disposed to re-
gard as efficacious and worthy of public pa-
tronage.
Having examined the composition of La
Mott's Cough Drops, improved, we have no
hesitation in recommending them to the pub-
lic, as being well adapted to those cases of
disease for which they are recommended.
Doctor JONATHAN BORN, Albany, Dec. 4,
1824; JAMES POST, of White creek,
Feb. 14, 1825; WATSON SUMNER, of
Cambridge, Feb. 20, 1825; SOLOMON
DRAN, Jackson, Jan. 20, 1825.
Extract of a letter from the Rev. E. Harris.
I am pleased with this opportunity of re-
lating a few facts which may serve in re-
commendation of your excellent Cough Drops.
For ten years I was afflicted with a pulmon-
ary complaint; my cough was severe; my ap-
petite weak, and strength failing. I used
many popular medicines, but only found tem-
porary relief, until by a continued use of
your valuable Drops, I have been blessed
with such perfect health as to render further
means unnecessary.
EBENEZER HARRIS.
Salem, N. Y. Jan. 12, 1825.
Messrs. Crossin's—I have for 18 years been
troubled with an affection of the breast and
lungs, attended with a severe cough, pain in
the side, and difficulty of breathing; and in
the fall of 1825, I became so much reduced,
that my life was despaired of; and receiving
no visible benefit from my physician, I was
advised to make trial of La Mott's Cough
Drops, and after taking one bottle was res-
tored to perfect health; and it is my firm be-
lief, that the use of the above named drops,
saved my life.
THOMAS JONES.
Columbus, Ohio, July 22, 1826.
Sold wholesale and retail, by O. & S. Cros-
by, Columbus, Ohio, and agents of their ap-
pointing throughout the United States, Can-
adas, &c.
Each bottle contains 45 doses; price \$1.
FOR SALE BY
Samuel H. Buchler,
Druggist, Gettysburg,
who also keeps constantly on hand
ALL ASSORTMENTS OF
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
which he will sell low for CASH.
Gettysburg, Feb. 27, 1827.

BUTLER'S
Vegetable Indian Specific.
FOR the Cure of Colds, Coughs, Consump-
tions, spitting of Blood, Asthmas, and
all diseases of the breast and lungs.
There is perhaps no medical observation
better established, none more generally con-
firmed by the experience of the best physi-
cians of all ages and countries, and none of
more importance to the human family, than
the fact, that many of the most difficult and
incurable consumptions originate in neglect-
ed colds. In a climate so variable as ours,
where the changes of the weather are fre-
quently sudden and unexpected, it requires
more care and attention to guard against this
dangerous enemy of life, than most people
imagine, or are able and willing to bestow.
The bills of mortality exhibit the melancholy
fact that the proportion of deaths by this dis-
ease may be considered as about five to one.
In as much then as this fatal disease bids defi-
ance to the skill of the most learned phys-
icians, it is a gratification to the proprietor
that he is enabled to offer to those afflicted
with it a timely prospect of relief, (if taken
in time) in that highly valuable remedy, the
Vegetable Indian Specific.—The Indians are
happy in their knowledge of medical plants;
governed wholly by experience, they are
certain as to their effects, and it is said by an
author of great character, that a true con-
sumption is a disease never known among
them.
This specific is obtained by extraction from
herbs, roots, flowers, plants, &c. when in
perfection. In consequence of a happy com-
bination of the most valuable herbs, &c. it
becomes a fluid of superior value. It heats
the injured parts, opens the pores, and com-
pares the disturbed nerves after the manner
of an anodyne; consequently the obstruction
of the chest and the lungs, which constitute
this disease, particularly need its use. It
promotes expectoration, which is constantly
called for, and which cleanses and heals, it
also gives strength to the tender lungs. In
this manner it removes the hectic fever, im-
proves digestion, gives strength to the
nerves, repairs the appetite and improves
the spirits. This specific is mild, pleasant
to the taste, and may always be given in safety,
in all cases of pulmonary affection, in hypochon-
driac, nervous & all venereal diseases. Each
bottle of this specific contains a detailed account
of this disease in all its different stages, and
will be accompanied with the signature of the
proprietor in New York. It is offered for
sale by
Samuel H. Buchler,
Druggist, Gettysburg
on 15.